Maxair PE100 Compressed Air Pipe BPIR Declaration

Designated building product: Class 1

Declaration

UPG Pipe Systems has provided this declaration to satisfy the provisions of Schedule 1(d) of the Building (Building Product Information Requirements) Regulations 2022.

Product/system

Name	Maxair PE100 Compressed Air Pipe
Line	
Identifier	Codes containing the below identifiers, codes additionally include size and finish identifying elements. 1241

Description

UPG's own compressed air system. Consisting of PE100 pipe (the highest grade of polyethylene available), Maxair is the only recommended system and is widely recognised by consultants and installers throughout the industry.

Scope of use

Boasting a 50 year guarantee, and thousands of successful installs, the Maxair system is ductile, impact resistant, corrosion free, leak free and is amazingly safe with a 2:1 safety factor. Along with this guarantee, Maxair is OSH and MAF approved meaning it's safe for any industry including food-related sites.

Conditions of use

Design & Installation: Maxair pipe should be designed and installed in accordance with the following Standards.

- Buried Structural Design: AS/NZS 2566 Part 1 and supplement 1. "Buried Flexible Pipelines - Structural Design"
- Detailed Installation and Site Pressure Testing: AS/NZS 2566 Part 2 "Installation" AS/NZS 2033 Installation of polyethylene pipe systems

Jointing:

- Butt Fusion. The pipe ends are heated to melting point, then brought together
 in a Buttfusion machine to form a homogeneous weld. The resulting joint is
 end load resistant and should perform under pressure similarly to the unwelded pipe.
- Electrofusion fittings. These employ an electrical heating coil, incorporated inside a moulded socket. When energised from an electrofusion control box, the coil melts the adjacent material, causing the pipe and socket to fuse together.
- Butt Fusion / Flange combination.
- UPG recommends the use of fittings complying with AS/NZS 4129 Fittings for polyethylene (PE) pipes for pressure applications. Fusion Welding Procedure: Refer to the PIPA Guidelines for butt fusion and electrofusion welding procedures - www.pipa.com.au. Tensile testing of fusion welds to be in accordance with ISO/DIS 13953.

Relevant building code clauses

B2 Durability – B2.3.1 (a)

F2 Hazardous building materials – F2.3.1

G10 Piped services – G10.3.1, G10.3.3

Supporting documentation

For further information supporting Maxair PE100 Compressed Air Pipe claims refer to our website.

Contact details

Manufacture location	New Zealand
Legal and trading name of manufacturer	RX Plastics Ltd
Manufacturer address for service	19 Maronan Road Ashburton 7778
Manufacturer website	rxp.co.nz/
Manufacturer email	customerservice@rxplastics.co.nz
Manufacturer phone number	03 307 9081
Manufacturer NZBN	9429031867276

Responsible person

As the responsible person as set out in Regulation 3, I confirm that the information supplied in this declaration is based on information supplied to the company as well as the company's own processes and is therefore to the best of my knowledge, correct.

I can also confirm that Maxair PE100 Compressed Air Pipe is not subject to a warning on ban under <u>s26 of the Building Act</u>.

Signed for and on behalf of UPG Pipe Systems:

James Bolland

James Bolland Purchasing Manager December 2023

UPG PIPE SYSTEMS

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Appendix

Building code performance clauses

B2 Durability

B2.3.1

Building elements must, with only normal maintenance, continue to satisfy the performance requirements of this code for the lesser of the *specified intended life* of the *building*, if stated, or:

 (a) the life of the building, being not less than 50 years, if: those building elements (including floors, walls, and fixings) provide structural stability to the building, or those building elements are difficult to access or replace, or failure of those building elements to comply with the building code would go undetected during both normal use and maintenance of the building

F2 Hazardous building materials

F2.3.1

The quantities of gas, liquid, radiation or solid particles emitted by materials used in the *construction* of *buildings*, shall not give rise to harmful concentrations at the surface of the material where the material is exposed, or in the atmosphere of any space.

G10 Piped services

G10.3.1

Piping systems shall be constructed to avoid the likelihood of:

- a. significant leakage or damage during normal or reasonably foreseeable abnormal conditions,
- b. detrimental contamination of the contents by other substances,
- c. adverse interaction between services, or between piping and electrical systems, and
- d. people having contact with pipes which could cause them harm.

G10.3.3

Pipes shall be protected against corrosion in the environment of their use.